

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOL. XII NO. 16.

THURSDAY, DEC. 21, 1882.

WHOLE NO. 588.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. Thos. Holmes, D. D. Services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening, at 6 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, immediately after morning services.

METHODIST.—Rev. H. C. Northrup. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST.—Rev. E. A. Gay. Services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school, at 12 M.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. Father Dulig. Services every Sunday at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Vespers at 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday school at 12 M.

LUTHERAN.—Rev. G. Robertus. Services every Sunday at 10:30 A. M. Sunday school at 9 A. M.

M. C. R. R. TIME TABLE.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.	
Local Train.....	5:50 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	9:25 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	5:52 P. M.
Jackson Express.....	8:05 P. M.
Evening Express.....	10 K. P. M.
GOING EAST.	
Night Express.....	5:50 A. M.
Jackson Express.....	7:50 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	10:07 A. M.
Local Train.....	3:58 P. M.

H. B. LEDYARD, Gen'l Supt, Detroit.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Ag't, Chicago.

Toledo, Ann Arbor & G. T. R. R.

Time Card of November 5th, 1882.

GOING NORTH		GOING SOUTH	
Mail.	Accom.	Express.	Mail.
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
10:25	10:30	10:45	10:40
8:40	8:50	9:33	9:25
8:46	7:05	9:25	5:18
8:53	7:20	9:15	5:12
9:10	7:48	8:41	4:57
9:20	8:00	8:30	4:50
9:32	8:22	8:18	4:37
9:48	8:50	8:05	4:20
9:56	8:58	7:55	4:13
10:04	9:15	7:48	4:07
10:18	9:30	7:38	3:55
10:32	9:45	7:25	3:40
10:56			3:15
11:12			3:05

Daily Except Sundays. *Flag stations. Trains will be run by Columbus time, as shown by the clock in the Superintendent's office in Toledo.

H. W. ASHLEY, SUPERINTENDENT.

MAILS CLOSE.

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.	
9:50	A. M.	9:00	A. M.
4:20	P. M.	11:10	A. M.
9:00	P. M.	5:35	P. M.
		9:00	P. M.

G. J. CROWELL, P. M.

If you have any business at the Probate Office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

WHISPERINGS.

Sleight's going. See Bacon & Co's new ad. The days are growing longer. Wasn't it a stinger Monday morning?

We wish all of our many readers a merry Christmas. Sun strokes are scarce, but son strokes more frequent.

All the merchants are doing an immense business. See if your name is in our "Substantial Encouragement list."

A new remedy (to us) for sore feet, will be found among the Sylvan items. The Brooklyn Exponent looked like an illustrated paper last week. Holidays!

A party was in town the fore part of the week, who wanted to buy twenty or more cutters. Business men, coal ashes don't help sleighing, so just throw your ashes into the back yard.

It will soon be time to turn over a new leaf. We know a few men who ought to turn over a whole book. During the past few weeks our blacksmiths were so busy shoeing, that they did not care to do job work.

Through the kindness of G. H. Gay, (the pleasant post-office clerk), we enjoyed a sleigh ride through Lima the fore part of the week. The methodists of this place will not have a Christmas tree, but exercises by the Sunday school will be held in the church Christmas eve.

A New Year's ball will be held at the Coulson House, Stockbridge, on January 1, 1883. Bachmann's Full Band will furnish the music.

We are pleased to be able to state, that Rev. E. H. Gay will not accept the call of the Baptist congregation at Saline, but will remain with us.

The Good Templars of this place will give a free social at their hall, on Monday evening, next, December 25th. Speaking, good music, &c., will be the order of the evening. A good time is expected, and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

The ice harvest has commenced.

Read all the locals—they are what pay! Wm B Gildart is at Saline taking testimony in a divorce suit.

There is but one thing Dexter business men beat ours on, and that is advertising.

Mrs. Amor Grady, of South Lyon, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Simon Hirth, of this place.

An interesting law suit is in progress, the particulars of which we will give next week.

Our Union School will close Friday, and take a vacation until Tuesday, January 2, 1883.

The furnace in the M. E. church is now in fine working order. Last Sabbath it was as pleasant in the church as in a parlor.

The German Lutheran Church of this place will have a Christmas Tree in the church, next Sunday evening, services to begin at six o'clock.

Two of the handsomest Library Lamps we have ever seen, reflect their light in the windows of W. R. Reed & Co., the druggists and toy dealers.

In the assault and battery case before Justice Smith, on Monday last, the jury could not agree—standing five for guilty, and one for acquittal.

Ho! Lima Tax Payers!! Christian Fritz, Treasurer of Lima Township, will receive taxes at Chelsea Savings Bank, Wednesday, next, Dec 27th.

On Christmas day the Congregational Sabbath School are to have a picnic dinner in the basement of the church, to be followed by a sleigh ride.

We can, from experience, recommend Israel Vogel, as a first-class worker of iron and steel, having done a good job enlarging our chimneys. His shop is just north of the laundry.

A horn has been added to the Congregational Orchestra.—Correspondence from Timkney to the Dexter Sun. It one is all, we will find no fault, but be careful not to add too many.

The Baptist Society of this place will probably not have a Christmas Tree, but will give the little ones a sleigh ride to Ann Arbor, or have a supper. What will our other churches do?

Steger, of Chelsea, is trying to buy all the poultry raised within 20 miles of that village.—Argus.

You're right, and if you saw the amount he has bought, you'd think he had.

The M C R R will sell tickets for one and one-third fare for the round trip, on Dec 23, 24 and 25—good to return until Dec 26, inclusive, and Dec 30, 31, and Jan 1—good to return January 2, inclusive.

Look! look!! at Canfield's meat market next Saturday, and you will see the finest Christmas beef, sheep, lamb, calves, &c., and the market will just be trimmed nicely too. It will pay you to come some distance to see it.

The German Zion Lutheran church people are preparing presents for three hundred and twenty-five scholars, all to be hung on a tree Christmas eve.—Argus.

That'll be a sight worth seeing—325 scholars hung on a tree.

The clothing store opened here by Mabley, the Jackson clothier, has been discontinued, as it didn't pay. We have no doubt, had the store been in good hands from the first (as it has been for the past two weeks) it would have paid well. His ad will still inform you where clothing can be bought cheap.

How do you like our new form? You may not think it an improvement now, but in time will like it, we think. Although it gives us more space, we would still like more, but will put up with that we now have, and make the best of it. Our advertisers will see that the advertisements are all now on the outside, making them more prominent.

Dexter and Scio prices for low grade wheat are reported as better than the rates for the same at Chelsea or other neighboring towns.—Leader.

Our reputation is too good to buy much poor wheat. See by another item the number of bushels of wheat that were bought here during November, and see where you are.

The New York weekly Tribune says in regard to the Noyes Dictionary Holder, manufactured by L. W. Noyes, 99 West Monroe St., Chicago: "We know of but one satisfactory holder; that, however, is so good that a second is not needed." Mr. Noyes sends to all applicants a handsome illustrated circular. Prices reduced!

A man who lives at this place, raised on 22 acres of ground, during the past year, the following:

406	bushels of wheat,
800	" " corn,
147	" " potatoes,
300	" " turnips,
10	" " peas.

Is there another who can show as big as this?

It is really astonishing to notice the amount of business transacted in this place. One of the largest enterprises is the poultry business, conducted by A. Steger, who, after patient labor for years, has now a well established business. During the busy season he keeps about 10 young men busy picking and packing, and the amount of money paid out to farmers for poultry, &c., is simply, immense!

Another nut for our contemporaries to crack.

During the month of November, 38,313 bushels of wheat were shipped from this place by the following parties:

R. Kempf & Brother,	8,697 bushels.
Babeock & Gilbert,	9,616 "
John C. Taylor,	20,000 "

During the week ending Dec. 16, about 318 loads of wheat were brought here, and at 40 bushels per load would be, 12,720 bushels. Of this, John C. Taylor bought 118 loads.

One of the indispensables to us, is the Detroit Evening News, that small but newsy and concise sheet. That is very popular, or if not popular, well read, is a fact known to every body who reads it, and notices its daily circulation (about 33,000 copies). We do not know how many are taken here, but a place of this size ought to take at least 100 copies daily.

The Echo, the weekly edition of the News, is also very favorably known, and its list now of over 7,000, is daily increasing. The news contained therein, is a summary of the daily, condensed into readable items.

Drunks: Patrick McKarver arrested; trial Friday. A young man 17 years old, arrested to find out where he got his liquor, but wouldn't squeal.—Chelsea correspondence to the Dexter Sun. A man must be very drunk (?) when he can run away from the officer, and would not have been caught had he not run across another officer. There are drunken men shoved off one side every week. Why not arrest those? We believe there is a law which makes a minor "squeal," where he got his liquor, and we don't believe just because he tells the man at the bar he is 22, when any person can see he is not 19, entitles the saloonist to go free.

MARRIED.

CHURCHILL—RANDELL.—In Chelsea, Mich., Dec 13, 1882, by the Rev. E. A. Gay, Mr. Mattison A. Churchill, of Bandcroft, Shiawassee Co., Mich., and Miss Flora Randell, of Chelsea, Mich. No Cards!

MERRILL—TAYLOR.—Jas. A. Merrill, of Augusta, Kalamazoo County, Michigan, and Miss Lida E. Taylor, of Jackson, Michigan, were married at Chelsea, Dec. 15th, 1882, by Rev. Thomas Holmes, D. D.

FATHER'S ADVICE TO HIS SON.—"My son, I have heretofore presented you with a copy of the Holy Bible. If you study only one book, let that be the Book, as the truths it contains are able to make you wise unto salvation."

I herewith present you with a copy of the recent edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary. If you study only two books, let this be the other, as it is not only a dictionary unsurpassed in the spelling, pronunciation and definition of words, but is also an encyclopedia of information in its Vocabularies of persons and places noted in Fiction, Scripture, Greek, Latin, and Geographical Names, Biographical Dictionary, Quotations, Pictorial Illustrations, &c., making it a book to which you will have occasion frequently to refer during life."

—Rev. J. J. Scherer, A. M., President Marion, Female College, July 11, 1882.

PERSONAL.

A J Sawyer is in town trying a case for F Whitaker.

Mrs. P. Clark, of Bunkerhill, is visiting at Alva Frer's, of this place.

Mr. A. Son returned to his home at Kobleskill, N. Y., on Monday last.

A. Steger left yesterday for New York City, to look after his poultry business.

Mr. Scott Jenks of Adams, Mass., is visiting his uncle, Mr. Dennison Jenks of Freed m.

We were pleased to learn that our young friend, Geo. A. Bejole, is able to walk on our streets again.

Waterloo Cleanings. From our own Correspondents.

The farmers in this vicinity are rejoicing over the coming of sleighing.

The high price paid for pork make the swine in this neighborhood short lived.

There will be a Christmas tree in the school house in the Avery District, on Tuesday night.

Mr. F. Wolfer and Miss Anna Suglandt were married at the parsonage of the U. B. Church, of Waterloo, on Dec. 7th.

Mrs. John Boyer is lying quite low at this date, Dec. 18. She is irrational at times. The cause of which I am unable to fully state.

An attempt to organize a Lyceum in the Hall School House was made last Tuesday evening Dec. 19th—the success of which I am unable to state.

A Lyceum was organized in the Palmer district, and next Friday night they will discuss the question: "Resolved, That the Present School System of the United States is not consistent with Free Government."

Phillip M. Keman, affirmative; Thomas Quigley, negative. A lively debate is expected.

The hunting match between the boys of Waterloo and Stockbridge resulted in a victory for the Waterloo boys. The oyster supper and dance was held at the Coulson House, at Stockbridge, and was quite well attended. The cost of the defeat by the Stockbridge boys was quite moderate.

But some of them were so "down in the lip" that they did not enjoy the good time that was in store for them. They were beaten about 4,500 counts. LOUIE.

The grand social of the season is to be held at the Baptist society, in the Grange hall, on Friday evening the 29th, to which all are cordially invited, not omitting the HERALD's manipulators, editor, typo, devil and all.

Mrs. Dean, of Fort Erie, Ontario, who has been spending several weeks on a visit to her parents, Mr and Mrs Haw, returned home on Tuesday the 12th, accompanied by Mrs Haw, who visits a daughter in Syracuse, N. Y.

Sabbath last was with us a beautiful day the sun's bright and cheering rays indicated the attendance of larger numbers in our SANCTUARIES

than had been for some time—many we trust prompted by the motives which called out the pious language of the Psalmist, "Low, I have loved the habitation of thy house, and the place where thine Honor dwelleth." Services were held in all the churches at 10:30, and at 7 p m a discourse was delivered in the U B church by the pastor, on the second Advent from Acts 1:11.

Our Sunday schools were all well attended, and at the close the question of having a Christmas tree was submitted to their consideration, and voted on by all—NO, so that the time-honored pleasures of the approaching festive season, are not to be enjoyed by the children and youth, or the valued fruits which this "old tree" brings forth in its season to be gathered, nor to the aged is the opportunity to be offered of calling up through this media those happy reminiscences of the past which cluster around, above, below, and within the foliage of this sound "old tree."

There is however to be some compensation for the loss of this occasion of festive joy in the fact that there is to be a pleasant and doubtless a large social gathering at the residence of Mr J B Hubbard on Friday evening next.

WELLINGTON.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of Vernon Lodge No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 6 1/2 o'clock, at their Lodge room, Middle st., East. J. G. WACKENHUT, Sec'y.

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday Evenings, on or preceding each full moon. Theo. E. Wood, Sec'y.

Mrs. F. H. Paine, SOLICITS the patronage of all in need of either plain or fine sewing done. Gent's and ladies' underwear a specialty. All work done promptly and satisfaction guaranteed—also, Agent for the sale of Sewing Machines. v12-5-3m.

M. W. BUSH, DENTIST, OFFICE OVER W. R. REED & CO'S STORE, CHELSEA, MICH. 31

F. H. STILES, DENTIST, Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier, DePay & Co's. Drug Store. CHELSEA, MICH. v11-46.

WILLIAM B. GILDART, ATTORNEY at Law and Notary Public, Agent for the Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Company. The largest company doing business. Deeds, mortgages and all legal papers neatly, carefully and correctly drawn. Office, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

GEO. E. DAVIS, Resident Auctioneer of 16 years experience, and second to none in the State. Will attend all farm sales and other auctions on short notice. Orders left at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, Mich. V-11-28.

ATTENTION! THE UNDERSIGNED is now prepared to do all kinds of auctioneering, on short notice. Parties who intend to sell out, or have any specialties to sell, will find it to their profit to call on me, as I have had considerable experience. Orders can be left at the HERALD Office, or address G. H. FOSTER, Chelsea, Mich.

RESTAURANT.

C. HESELSCHWERDT wishes to thank the people of Chelsea and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed upon him during the past year. He is prepared at all times to furnish hot and cold meals for the "inner man." He also keeps on hand Cigars, Candies, Nuts, &c. Remember a good square meal for 25 cents. South Main street, Chelsea, Mich. v-11

C. BLISS & SON, Have an elegant Stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, and SILVER WARE.

REPAIRING—Neatly done, and warranted. No. 11 SOUTH MAIN STREET, ANN ARBOR. v6

INSURANCE COMPANIES REPRESENTED BY **Turnbull & Depew.**

Assets. Home of New York, \$6,109,527

Manhattan, 1,000,000

Underwriters, 4,800,000

American, Philadelphia, 1,296,661

Fire Association, 4,165,716

Office: Over Post-office, Main street Chelsea, Mich.

It is cheaper to insure in these companies, than in one-horse companies. v6-1

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

WASHINGTON.

Gen. Pope has been confirmed major general without contest.

THE POSTOFFICE AND AGRICULTURAL BILLS.
The postoffice appropriation bill, as reported, reduces letter postage to two cents and appropriates \$43,000,000 for the postal service of the year. \$12,000,000 of which is for rail transportation, \$5,500,000 for star route service, and \$10,000,000 for carriage by steamboats. The agricultural appropriation bill appropriates \$44,000,000, being some \$30,000 less than last year's bill.

SOLDIERS CHARGED WITH DESERTION.
The House Committee on Military Affairs has agreed to report favorably Mr. Holman's resolution calling on the Secretary of War for information concerning the operation of the act proposing to relieve certain soldiers of the late war from the charge of desertion.

REDUCTION IN THE MILITARY ACADEMY BILL.
The Military Academy bill, appropriates \$305,000, which is \$31,700 less than the appropriations for the current year. The reduction is general.

AN ESCORT TO BE PROVIDED.
It has been stated that the Marquis de Lorne had requested a military escort on his proposed trip through Texas. Secretary Lincoln says he has heard nothing of it. One of Gen. Sherman's staff, however, has been detailed to furnish the necessary escort to the Marquis and party.

PREPARING FOR THE TWO CENT STAMPS.
It is understood that Postmaster-General Howe, in anticipation of the adoption of the bill proposing the reduction of letter postage to two cents, has taken preliminary steps for the manufacture of two cent stamps.

THE PENALTY.
Mr. Beck's bill, prohibiting political contributions by government employees, makes a violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and disqualifies the violator from holding office thereafter.

FOR THE COURT OF CLAIMS.
The President has nominated J. C. Bancroft Davis, of New York, to be judge of the court of claims.

THE POSTOFFICE APPROPRIATION BILL.
There is much tribulation in official circles owing to the meagreness of the Postoffice Appropriation bill. The department, it is said, will be more or less at the mercy of large contractors, who, well knowing the limited means at its disposal, can rest secure in the knowledge that it is impossible to forfeit contracts and award them to the next lowest bidder. Probably through inadvertence an old statute seems to have been taken as a guide for the construction of the bill, with the result of abolishing fourth-class matter and throwing merchandise and other mail matter formerly in that class into the first-class at two cents for every half ounce.

A SENATORIAL INQUIRY.
It has been ascertained definitely that the chairman of the Senate judiciary committee has been instructed to call on the President for a statement giving the causes for Henry's removal.

REPORTS CONFIRMED.
The citizens' committee of Washington has received information which is regarded as corroborative of the revelations of the monte men, in jail, concerning the relations of professional thieves and detectives. The committee immediately employed Gen. H. H. Wells as special attorney.

TO BE FAVORABLY REPORTED.
The house judiciary committee will report in favor of the passage of the Davis bill establishing a court of appeals, recommending it to take effect Sept. 1, 1883.

LINCOLN FOR PRESIDENT.
A correspondent of the New York Sun writes that Robert T. Lincoln is looming up as the republican candidate for president in 1884; that Arthur regards him as the most available candidate, and that sentiment in this direction is strong in Michigan, Illinois, Iowa and New England. It is thought the republicans could unite on Old Abe's son without difficulty, as he was satisfactory to Garfield and was retained in Arthur's cabinet. The same correspondent says that well informed politicians at the national capital predict that in January Secretary Lincoln will be appointed minister to the court of St. James, and that ex-Gov. John F. Hart, of Philadelphia, will take his place in the cabinet; also that Attorney-General Brewster will be appointed to Justice Bradley's seat on the bench of the United States supreme court.

STAR ROUTE BIDS.
In January next the contracts for 34,400 miles of star route service, principally in the west and south, will expire and have to be renewed. Not over one hundred bids have thus far been received.

PRETTY NEAR PERFECTION.
The report of the commission which recently examined the New York Postoffice, has been made public. It says, all details being considered, the service of that office is nearer perfection than that in any other city in the country.

THE AMOUNT INCREASED.
The Indian Appropriation bill reported to the Senate since its passage by the House is increased in the aggregate amount \$154,200. The aggregate amount appropriated by the bill is \$3,306,156.

THE CORN RETURNS.
December returns to the department at Washington show that in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, or lake belt, the product is 80,000,000 bushels, nearly the same as in 1879, and an increase of 9,000,000 bushels over last year. Present and final returns aggregate in round numbers 1,625,000,000 bushels for the country.

MATRIMONIAL ASSOCIATIONS BLACKLISTED.
About 240 southern matrimonial and natal associations are placed upon the black list of the postoffice department, and postmasters are instructed to return to the senders money orders addressed to the associations. The Michigan mutual association is the only affair not in the south mentioned in the list.

GEN. SHERMAN'S RETIREMENT.
Gen. Sherman will give up active command of the army next fall. After making his annual report and closing up his affairs he will retire and leave things in good shape for Gen. Sheridan.

CONGRESS.

SENATE.—Dec. 11.—Mr. Rollins introduced a bill to re-establish the court of Alabama claims. Mr. Hawley reported, from the civil service committee, with amendment, the bill introduced on Saturday prohibiting federal employees making or being concerned in political assignments. It was placed on the calendar and Mr. Hawley gave notice that he would move this bill as an amendment to Senator Pendleton's civil service reform bill, which is the next business after the bankruptcy bill is disposed of. The bankruptcy bill was taken up as soon as the morning business was finished. Mr. Ingalls said he presumed every senator had decided whether bankruptcy legislation should be enacted or not. Until that question was voted upon he would not add anything to the debate. If the motion to indefinitely postpone were lost he would speak upon the two propositions of Mr. Garland. Mr. Brown's motion to indefinitely postpone was rejected, 26 to 34. The yeas and nays were then ordered on Mr. Hoar's substitute, which was adopted by a vote of 34 to 30.

Mr. Sherman moved to commit the substitute to the judiciary committee, with a view to amendment. Agreed to.

Several amendments were also sent to the committee.

HOUSE.—Among bills introduced is one by Mr. Waite, of Connecticut, prohibiting further coinage of silver dollars until the sum held by the treasury is reduced to fifty millions; also one for the payment of bounties to heirs of colored soldiers; to incorporate the Transatlantic, North American & Pacific railroad; the payment of double postage on unpaid letters; for reform of the civil service; and to abolish the internal revenue tax.

SENATE.—Dec. 12.—Mr. Saunders introduced a joint resolution approving the act of the legislature of New Mexico fixing the date of the meeting of said legislature on the first Monday in January, 1884. Referred to the committee on territories. Mr. Beck introduced a bill prohibiting employees of the United States from contributing money for political purposes. Mr. Hoar introduced resolutions calling for reports on the administration of the postoffice, custom house appraisers and surveyor's offices of New York. Adopted. Mr. Vest introduced a resolution directing the committee on territories to inquire what legislation, if any, is necessary to protect the property of the United States in the Yellowstone park, and to preserve the game in the park; also, whether its area should be extended and contracts made to lease any portion of privileges for the erection of telegraph lines and running of stages. Adopted. A resolution was adopted directing the secretary of war to furnish estimates of the work of improving the Potomac flats during the next fiscal year.

HOUSE.—Three appropriation bills were reported to the house from committees to-day—the agricultural, the postoffice and the military academy bills. Mr. Randall offered a resolution calling on the president for information as to the amount of money appropriated for rivers and harbors since the foundation of the government, the amount by years, and the sum for each river; and also what improvement to navigation it has been, and whether any has been used for rivers not navigable.

SENATE.—Dec. 13. At the close of the morning hour Mr. Beck called up his resolution for the investigation of political assessments, the question being on Mr. Edmunds' motion to refer Mr. Beck's resolution and the substitute offered by Mr. Hale to the committee on judiciary. After debate this was adopted. Consideration of Mr. Pendleton's Civil Service Reform bill was resumed, and the formal amendment proposed by Mr. Logan was adopted, as follows: That examinations "shall be practicable in their character and shall relate to matters which will fairly test the relative fitness and capacity of applicants to discharge the duties of the service into which they seek to be admitted." Mr. Coke (Dem., Tex.) offered an amendment, which was ordered printed, providing that "for the purpose of equalizing appointments between the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia, and also between the political parties, all persons now in office, place or employment who would have been within the operation of the act had it been in force when they respectively entered the public service, shall within twelve months from the approval of this act comply with the terms and conditions of the applicants under this act for original entrance into the service, or vacate the places held respectively by them."

HOUSE.—At 12:40 the house went into committee on the Agricultural Appropriation bill. The committee rejected all amendments, reported the bill to the House and it passed. The House then went into committee of the whole on the Military Academy Appropriation bill, reported it back and it passed. Mr. O'Neill (Rep., Pa.) presented a petition of jobbers and importers of tobacco, asking a rebate equivalent to such reduction as may be made in the tax. Referred.

SENATE.—Dec. 14.—The bill to increase the pay of navy chaplains in order to promote efficiency was rejected—30 to 34. Mr. Pendleton's civil service bill came up and Senator Hoar addressed the senate. He expressed the belief that the passage of this bill would mark an important era in American politics and would be regarded in the future as almost equal to the adoption of a new and better Constitution. An opposition speech was made by Senator Brown, who subsequently offered an amendment striking out the provision that entrance to the service shall be at the lowest grade, and providing that competition shall be for officers of all grades and shall not be confined to persons already in office. Also, an amendment explicitly authorizing removal by the President, or heads of departments, without assignment of cause.

HOUSE.—Mr. Lord presented a petition of tobacco men of Detroit asking for a speedy settlement of the tax question. At 12:30 the House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Calkins in the chair, on the Postoffice Appropriation bill. Mr. Casswell explained in detail the provisions of the bill. The total amount appropriated is \$43,948,530, being \$2,792,500 more than the estimate and \$635,280 more than the appropriations for the current year. For the compensation of postmasters \$9,250,000 is appropriated, or \$884,000 less than the estimates. Mr. Blount inquired whether the amount appropriated was sufficient. If so, he was satisfied; but if the reduction was made in order to give the bill the appearance of being an economical measure, he would like to see that understood. Mr. Casswell said the whole question is based on the reduction of postage from three to two cents. Mr. Robinson inquired whether there was any provision in the bill for special mail facilities. Mr. Casswell replied in the negative and said that heretofore the Postmaster-General had been unable to obtain facilities extending from New York to West, and had been able only to expend \$184,000 for the purpose of extending the mail facilities from New York to Albany, from New York to New England and from Boston down the seacoast. Without closing the general debate the committee rose.

SENATE.—Dec. 15.—Mr. Anthony, from the Committee on Printing, reported the House amendment to the resolution providing for printing the report of the Tariff Commission. Agreed to. It provides for printing, indexing and binding 42,000 copies of the report, testimony and accompanying papers for the use of Congress and the Tariff Commission, and for printing 20,000 copies of the report without the testimony for the use of the two Houses. The French spoliation bill was amended and passed. Mr. Pendleton's civil service bill was then resumed. On motion of Mr. Pendleton the first section of the bill was amended so as to require that the Civil Service Commissioners be confirmed by the Senate.

HOUSE.—Mr. Reed (Rep., Me.) presented as a question of privilege a memorial of Jas. H. McLean, claiming to have been elected to succeed the late Thos. Allen as Representative from the Second District of Missouri to the Forty-seventh Congress. Mr. McLean asserts that he received a plurality of the votes cast at the special election, but that the Secretary of State absolutely refused to give him a certificate on the ground that the Second District had been legally out of existence. He asked the House to declare him entitled to the seat. Mr. Reed said there was no dispute as to McLean's plurality. The reason which was alleged for not giving him a certificate was that the new redistricting of the State had abolished the old district. That ground could not be maintained. He admitted he had no documentary evidence to show that that was not ground for refusal. It was so Mr. McLean appeared at the bar of the Dingley (Rep., N. C.), from the joint shipping committee, reported a bill to relieve the burdens of the American merchant marine. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The views of the minority, presented by Mr. Cox (Dem., N. Y.) received the same reference. The House then, in committee of the whole, resumed the consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill. Extended discussion followed.

ed on the proposition to reduce postage to two cents for letters. Mr. Casswell, on behalf of the Committee on Appropriations, offered an amendment increasing the appropriations for the star service from \$5,000,000 to \$5,350,000. Adopted. The committee arose without final action.

SENATE.—Dec. 16.—On motion of Mr. Logan (Rep., Ill.) a resolution was adopted calling for copies of orders under which naval officers inspected and reported upon the revenue marine service, the life-saving service and marine hospital service, and a statement of the authority of law under which inspection and reports were made; also whether the treasury department consented to the inspection of service under its control. The civil service bill was proceeded with. Mr. Ingalls (Rep., Kan.) said the bill was supported by each party in the hope of cheating the other, and would end by defrauding both. Mr. Hawley characterized Mr. Ingalls' remarks as petulant and offensive. Mr. Sherman then addressed the senate in opposition to the bill. Mr. Sherman said one of his first acts as secretary of the treasury was reducing the forces 400 in number, and also reducing the pay to rates which the same kind of service commanded in private employment, and the result was that \$600,000 appropriated for that bureau by congress was returned to the treasury. As secretary of the treasury he had done his best to bring the force down to a proper standard, and if there were any supernumeraries there now he did not know of it. As to civil service reform, he favored three provisions: First, the taking away of power to select employees by favoritism and passage of a law that admission to the service should be secured by competitive examinations open to all; second, the prohibition of removals except for cause; third, the prohibition of political assessments, without interfering with the right of officials to contribute voluntarily for legitimate political purposes. Removals without cause would be very rarely made if the pressure of senators and representatives for appointments in executive departments was stopped and therefore he would vote again, as he had voted years ago, for a law prohibiting such interference by members of congress. As an executive officer he had felt keenly such interference. Mr. Windom (Rep., Minn.) confirmed what Mr. Sherman had said about the departments. He was tired of hearing that the executive departments were reeking with corruption. It was not true. Without final action the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The postoffice appropriation was resumed in committee of the whole. On motion of Mr. Dunn (Dem. Ark.) a paragraph was added to the bill, providing that if the revenues of the postoffice department should be insufficient to meet appropriations made, a sum equal to such deficiency shall be appropriated from any money in the treasury. Pending action the committee rose. Mr. Hiseock offered a resolution for the holiday recess from December 22, 1882, until January 3, 1883. Adjourned.

NEWS NOTES.

A DEMOCRATIC MAYOR OF BOSTON.
Full returns make Palmer's plurality 2,315. The straight Democratic Aldermanic ticket was elected. John P. Dore, Democratic, elected Street Commissioner over Newton Talbot, present incumbent, by a large majority. There were six tickets in the field—Republican, Democratic, Citizens', Independent-Republican, Independent and Citizen's Independent. Three were headed by Palmer and three by Green.

RATES REDUCED.
The passenger rate from Chicago to New York over the Michigan Central, Canada Southern and Erie roads, has been restored to \$18.50. This was the original rate, which was raised to \$19 to worry the gentle scaler; but as it has not operated satisfactorily the regular rate has been restored.

BOYS BURNED TO DEATH.
Two colored youths, aged 14, were burned to death at Memphis, Tenn. They had made themselves a bed of excelsior in a large box at the rear of a music store, and the supposition is that the excelsior caught fire from a cigarette which they were smoking, and before they could get out were literally roasted. The fire communicated through a grating to the rubbish in the cellar of the store, but was promptly extinguished by the Fire Department, although it had mounted up the hatchway to the third story of the large building.

A FINE BUILDING BURNED.
The Hall block in Toledo has been destroyed by fire. The building was occupied by wholesale houses, railway offices, a photograph gallery, architects and law offices, music hall, etc., and was valued at \$300,000 and insured for \$110,000. The total loss on building and contents is \$75,000.

A COSTLY SMASH-UP.
A freight train broke in two on Poplar street, St. Louis, the run-away cars killing a transfer wagon team, smashing into a store and spreading themselves in destructive confusion over the street; loss \$15,000.

CRIME.
CROOKED CITY OFFICIALS.
Louisville, Ky., is all stirred up over discoveries of alleged fraud in the conduct of financial affairs of the city, involving deficiencies variously estimated at \$100,000 to \$200,000, extending over a period of several years. David Ferguson, ex-tax collector, and now collector of back taxes, and Capt. G. Levi, ex-deputy assessor, and now assistant fire chief, are the officers implicated.

A STEPMOTHER STABBED.
At Vandalia, Ill., while a 12-year-old son of John Martin was being chastised by his stepmother, he whipped out a pocket knife and stabbed her, severing the femoral artery.

AN OBSTREPEROUS STUDENT.
A student in the Chicago University recently had trouble with a fellow student. President Anderson, of the University, reprimanded him, and he replied with impudence. Dr. Anderson undertook to remove him from the room, when he drew a revolver and tried to shoot the President. He was disarmed and the faculty subsequently expelled him.

A STEPMOTHER BECOMES A STIFF.
For the past six years Patrick Slattery, Mt. Pleasant, Ia., has had constant quarrels with his stepmother. The other day he brought matters to a focus by quietly creeping up behind her as she stood at a table ironing, and shooting her in the head, killing her instantly. He then went to his own room and fired two bullets into his abdomen. Though a temperate young man, 22 years of age, he left a letter saying drink was the cause of it.

THERESA CONVICTED.
The trial of Theresa Sturla for the killing of Charles Stiles, her lover, in the Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago, has ended. The jury were out 22 hours and returned a verdict of manslaughter, placing Theresa's punishment at one year in the penitentiary.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.
ENGLISH CABINET CHANGES.
Lord Derby enters the cabinet as chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, Lord Hartington becoming secretary of war and Right Hon. Hugh Childers chancellor of the exchequer. Mr. Gladstone resigning the latter office. It is rumored that Sir Charles Dilke will also enter the cabinet.

A NOTED FRENCHMAN'S FUNERAL.
The funeral of Louis Blanc took place at Paris on the 12th. Large crowds were gathered in the Rue Rivoli to witness the procession, in which nearly all the republican deputies and senators joined. There were over one hundred deputations bearing flags and colossal wreaths. A detachment of infantry acted as a guard of honor. The interment took place at Pere in Chaise cemetery and Victor Hugo delivered an oration at the grave.

SPANISH WAR OFFICE BURNED.

A portion of the War Office was burned to the ground. Twenty persons were injured, and archives were destroyed. The King was present during the fire and assisted in subduing the flames. Eight thousand volumes were destroyed by fire. Some of the volumes were original manuscripts. The dispatches burned included several from the Duke of Wellington when he was commander of the allied armies in Spain.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, BURNED.
The business quarter of Kingston was burned Dec. 11th. Loss \$2,000,000 sterling. There are hundreds homeless. Wharves, ware-houses, stores, banks and supplies are gone. Food and supplies are needed. Charitable relief should be sent to W. K. Azbill, Secretary of the Kingston Charity Organization.

THE SULTAN ALARMED.
The palace at Constantinople is practically in a state of siege. Nobody is allowed to enter unless summoned. The Sultan's alarm is owing to sedition among the troops who are angry at the way the palace guards are paid, while they are in rags. The reappointment of Osman Pasha, who is unpopular in the army, as Minister of War, has added fuel to the flames. An idea of the extent of the Sultan's fears may be gained from the fact that he has had built for his use an armored carriage, bullet and grenade proof.

THE ARAB EXILES.
Arab and the other prisoners sentenced to exile have been requested to get ready to start. Allowances were granted them for their portages, which were confiscated. The property of their wives was not confiscated. The leniency produced a good effect on the Arabs.

THE DISTRESS IN IRELAND.
The government has issued a circular in regard to the distress in the west of Ireland, in which it declares it is determined to rely solely upon the administration of relief through the Boards of Guardians, as it is satisfied that relief works are not only extravagant and demoralizing, but fail to succor the most needy. The government will be prepared to empower the Boards of Guardians to borrow money, if necessary, to meet the pressure on their resources.

A CLUE.

The Dublin police have obtained a clue to the murderers of Cavendish and Burke, in Phoenix Park. At least two men have been arrested on what is regarded as pretty strong evidence. The names of the men arrested are Brady, a pavior and Hanlon, a leather currier. One of them has been identified by persons who were in Phoenix Park on the night of the murder as one of the men seen on the car in which the assassins rode. The arrests were made on the evidence of informers. Hanlon is 28 years old and small in stature. The other prisoner is 35 and tall, stout and robust. They both reside near Thomas street. They were confronted at Dublin Castle with several persons who at the inquest upon the remains of Lord Frederick Cavendish testified that they had seen the Phoenix Park assassins drive away. Curran, however, did not deem their identification of Brady and Hanlon sufficient, but the prisoners were detained in order that others might have an opportunity to see them. It is thought further arrests will be made in connection with the murders.

A HISTORICAL RELIC RUINED.
A fire broke out in Hampton Court palace in the outskirts of London on the 14th, being first discovered in one of the private apartments. Several of the superb collection of paintings by Van Dyke and Holbein were completely destroyed and others were badly injured. Much of the palace was damaged by water, and one woman unable to escape from the apartments by reason of the dense smoke was suffocated. The ancient building was first commenced to be constructed in 1515, by Cardinal Wolsey, who lived there in regal splendor. It consisted of five courts, 1,500 rooms and a banqueting hall 106 feet long.

THE FRENCH AND GERMANS.
The German Gazette in an article on the relations between Germany and France, says that Germany intends to retaliate against the imposition of a tax on champagne and goods of Parisian manufacture.

HITS OF NEWS.
The Paris papers have commenced the report since Gambetta has been able to get out of bed, that the distinguished statesman did not inflict the pistol shot wound that came near resulting fatally but that it was received at a mysterious duel which he was compelled to fight in private. They concoct a romance in which love and jealousy, revenge and gunpowder are blended according to the most melodramatic fashion.

During the 41 days that the land office in the Haron districts, Dakota, has been open, nearly 500,000 acres of government land have been entered, representing an increase of over 10,000 in the population of the district.

The election for members of the Bulgarian skuptschina have resulted in the return of a conservative majority.

Cyrus Barber, of Westerly, R. I., insane, hanged away at his leg till it hung by a shred from the stump. Recently he attempted suicide by holding his breath, thinking it a sin to breathe.

Secretary Folger has called on the heads of bureaus in his department for expressions regarding the suggestion of Secretary Chandler for the transfer to the navy of the lighthouse system.

Ex-Senator Morrill, of Maine, grows weaker in mind and body.

Wisconsin lumber operators are advertising for men to go to the woods and offer wages from \$26 to \$40 a month.

A monument has recently been erected over the grave of Thomas Lincoln, father of Abraham Lincoln, in an old graveyard 12 miles south of Mattoon, Ill.

The Ottawa city council has appointed a committee to wait on the government and ask for the creation of a district to include the Dominion capital similar to District of Columbia.

Cetewayo has signed the Zulu settlement, it is believed under protest.

The emperor of Germany has subscribed 15,000 marks to relieve the distressed caused by the recent floods.

Reports from the Transvaal state that the fighting between the Boers and natives still continues.

Frank James is seriously ill.

Anthony Trollope leaves three novels unfinished. He wrote 50 novels in the last 30 years.

The house in which Jefferson wrote the declaration of independence in Philadelphia is to be demolished next month, and a bank building will be erected on the site.

There are now organized and doing business in Canada and the United States 415 street railways, employing 35,000 men, running 18,000 cars, working over 100,000 horses daily, operating 1,312,400 miles of track, and carrying annually 1,312,400,000 passengers. The capital invested exceeds \$150,000,000. A convention of companies is now in session at Boston.

It is thought in some quarters that the proceedings against Davitt, Healy and Quinn at Dublin will be allowed to drop.

The damage to Hampton Court palace by fire is roughly estimated at \$20,000.

Sixty persons were killed by the explosion of a powder magazine in Guayaquil, Cuba.

The Australian mine in Creswick, Victoria, is flooded. Twenty-two persons were drowned.

The accounts of ex-Secretary Frank Queeque, Brooklyn, (N. Y.) department of parks, show a deficiency of \$10,000, which has been made good by Comptroller Seimel.

Congressmen are pretty much agreed on two cent letter postage, but differ widely as to when the law should take effect; next July or a year hence.

Total loss by the fire at Kingston, Jamaica, placed at \$15,000,000.

Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, of Belleville, Ont., has been appointed chief justice of Manitoba.

The police court at Rutland, Vt., has sentenced Mrs. Bridget Kennedy to the house of correction for nearly 50 years for illegally selling liquor, she being convicted on 205 complaints and unable to pay the fines.

One thousand troops have left Cairo for the Sudan, and other detachments follow soon.

A match factory burned at Belfast, Ireland, four persons perishing in the flames.

The schooner John Floyd, from New York to Jacksonville, Fla., sunk on Hatteras shoals. All hands saved by life-saving crew.

A financial crisis is imminent in Russia. Mrs. Maria Appley, aged 104 years, has just died at Morristown, N. Y.

The farmers' convention at Chicago, voted to hold a national agricultural exposition in 1883, and appointed a committee on time and place.

According to the last census bulletin the total manufactured products of the country for the year were valued at \$5,369,667,700, being an increase of nearly 27 per cent. over that of 1870.

Prof. Harkness, of the naval observatory at Washington, says it will take the astronomer five years to figure out the results of the last transit of Venus.

It is said England will soon propose international protection for the Suez canal.

Work on the Washington monument is about closing for the winter. The height is about 340 feet.

Mrs. Anderson, widow of the hero of Fort Sumter, is living with her three daughters in Washington.

Dispatches from South America say the observations of the transit of Venus were completely successful down there.

A Chester white hog weighing 763 pounds when dressed has just been marketed in Rochester, N. Y., at eight cents per pound—\$60.04.

The Ice Barriers.

N. Y. Tribune.

Additional details of the Neptune's voyage in the direction of Lieutenant Greeley's Arctic colony has been furnished by our special correspondent. The barrier of ice in Smith Sound was found in the latitude where Dr. Kane and Dr. Hayes were forced to winter. As it has been passed four times in twelve years, by the Polaris in 1871, by the Alert and Discovery in 1875 and again on the return voyage, and finally by the Porteus in 1881, there is a fair chance of a successful cruise to Discovery Harbor next year, by which the Arctic colonists may secure a passage homeward. The failure of this season's relief expedition is especially to be regretted since Lieutenant Greeley's party have already been exposed to an unusually cold Arctic winter and may have been greatly enfeebled and in pressing need of the additional force of observers carried north by the Neptune. They are stationed at the entrance of Lady Franklin Sound, where the Discovery wintered in 1875-76, while her companion ship outstripped Captain Hall's farthest point and sent sleighing parties within four hundred miles of the Pole. That winter was one of the coldest ever recorded, and the men were so exhausted by it that Sir George Nares was forced to return during the following summer, whereas if he could have remained another year extended explorations might have been practicable. It must not be forgotten, however, that the expedition had not taken adequate precautions against scurvy, and that the men were enfeebled by laborious sledging journeys. Lieutenant Greeley's men have had no sledging journeys to make and they have been well housed. Even if their own supply of fuel runs short, there is a seam of coal at Discovery Harbor, which can be opened in an emergency. There is, therefore, no cause for serious apprehension in regard to the health and safety of the colonists, provided the conditions of the ice are more favorable another summer so that they can be reached and taken off by the ship.

The Neptune is not the only Arctic steamer whose course was obstructed by the ice during August. The Djimpha, commanded by Lieutenant Hovgaard, of the Danish navy, sailed from Copenhagen on July 18, for Cape Chelyuskin, the northernmost headland of Asia, where he intended to winter. His ultimate design was to strike northward from that point and to ascertain whether the condition of the currents and ice favor exploration in that quarter, and whether the coast of Franz Josef Land tends as far eastward as that meridian. The vessel was sighted on August 14 by the Nordenskiöld, a steamer owned by the Swedish trader Sibirskoff. She had been struggling to find an opening in the ice south of Novi Zemlia. The Louise, an Arctic yacht, which subsequently arrived in England, reported that the Kara Sea was filled with ice and that Lieutenant Hovgaard's vessel was still detained eighty miles east of Waigatz Island on September 22. It was so late in the season attempt to make Cape Chelyuskin seemed utterly hopeless, although the mouth of the Yenisei might be reached if the ice barrier in Kara Sea could be broken through. The Djimpha is not equipped for an extended voyage of exploration, as she is only provisioned for twenty-seven months. It is probable that the expedition will remain ice-bound in the Kara Sea.

INFORMATION FOR THE YOUTH.—A callow youth asks the Philadelphia Times "where he shall put his kiss." If he could get ten dollars for it, he would "put it up the spout" at his uncle's. When a young man doesn't know where to put a kiss, he should keep it in his head, if it doesn't make too much noise rolling round in the vacuum. —Norristown Herald.

Men who have the strongest intellect have the weakest memories; they trust more to invention than memory.

THE FARM.

Shut out the Cold.

The temperature of the living animal body cannot vary greatly, and therefore when the weather grows colder there is an increased demand for food to be consumed in keeping up the natural heat. A low temperature is an expensive condition, as every farmer who has wintered his stock well knows. There are two general methods of overcoming the wearing or exhausting effects of severe cold weather; giving the animals an abundance of rich and palatable, heat-forming food, and securing them from exposure in warm and comfortable stables. A happy combination of these two methods is the one to be provided by every stock raiser who looks both to the comfort of his animals and their profitability. If stables generally could be warmed with safety by stoves, there is no doubt that a saving in the amount of fodder would result. Much can be done in this direction by keeping the animals in well-built stables and free from all chilling currents of frost-laden air. The writer has in mind a stable, where a long row of milch cows suffered almost to the point of freezing, on many winter nights, because the stable was full of large cracks, and the doors only partly shut out the drifting snows. A few hours of patching the walls, flooring, and doors, with very little expense for lumber, would have made its good effects evident within a single week at the dairy room. A cow is not at her best when she must shiver with the cold and have her rough coat covered with the frost and snow of a severe winter night. Looked at in simply the pecuniary light, this method of keeping farm stock does not bring the best returns. There is no farmer who, being able to own a herd of cattle or a flock of sheep, can afford not to house them well. He may let them eat at will from the stack of the best hay that is made, but if they have no more shelter than the stack affords, he may come to the conclusion common to all bad agricultural practice, that farming does not pay. Let this be a word in season for all those who may profit by it. Stow the cracks in the stables, and save pain for your animals and money for yourself. Take special care not to have the farm stock exposed to the chilling winter blasts; in short, shut out the cold.

Too Much Tallow.

The Prairie Farmer in commenting on the fat stock show recently held in Chicago, says:

Sensible people of course know that great masses of fat and tallow do not fill the requirements of first-class butchers' stock, and it would seem as though the great feeders of the country would discontinue a practice that not only ruins their stock, but actually detracts from their value upon the block. The intrinsic merit of a beef animal must be measured and determined solely upon the basis of the greatest proportion of good, choice meat to gross weight, and the lessons of the fat stock will be learned in vain unless the standard of excellence is finally placed upon that basis, as between the exhibitors of beef cattle. Animals fattened until they cannot get about without the greatest effort, and when once down in their stalls can with the utmost difficulty regain their feet, are not the cattle sought by the meat cutter who calculates upon a reasonable profit. It is all well enough to class cattle of this character as "Christmas beef," but the fact remains that their gigantic proportions really render them unprofitable to the average butcher. Many shrewd feeders have long been of the opinion that the premium list of the show should not include anything that would induce exhibitors to continue the evils of overfeeding, but as the Smithfield cattle club of London at their annual shows keep up and endorse the practice, there will probably be no cessation on this side of the water.

Many of the animals exhibited at the fat stock show are simply overfed specimens of the bovine race, and the quality of the beef killed every year clearly shows that there is no profit in this method of feeding.

The subject is a very important one to the cattle interests of the entire country, and deserves the thoughtful attention of all breeders and feeders.

Cultivate Walnuts.

Farmers, it would be an easy matter and a profitable thing for you to grow a dozen, 100 or 1,000 black walnut trees on your land. Secure the nuts, shucks and all, lay them on the ground in a secure place and cover with leaves or litter of some kind, with a sprinkling of earth, or some brush laid on, to prevent the wind from uncovering them, and leave them until spring, then place where they are to grow, as soon as the sprout starts; or better still, place the nuts in autumn where the trees are wanted. If this is not practicable, grow the trees a year or two in nursery form, and transplant. Some people believe it to be impracticable to remove such trees; but it can be easily and successfully done with trees a year old. If they are to grow two years, or longer, before being removed, the taproot should be cut, inducing a growth of numerous small roots. Walnut is valuable, and will become more so, as the old forests of it melt away, and a 40-acre tract of trees started at the time of the birth of a son, would be a fortune to him upon arriving at his majority, and meantime the thinning out of other trees grown between would pay well for the use of the land. Walnut trees will not grow in soil, good sized trees being killed or hopelessly stunted by the growth of grass. But they are easily grown, and should be planted

more extensively. Give the subject your thought, make a few figures, and then you will plant.

"Vaccination" for Chicken Cholera.

Mr. W. H. Griffith, of Zanesville, O., says that during the past two years he has vaccinated 2,000 fowls in yards badly smitten with chicken cholera, and of this number only 11 died. Of fowls in the same yards not vaccinated all died. The proper procedure in such cases is as follows:

"Vaccinate a hen, and in eight days her system will be thoroughly inoculated; then cut off her head and catch all the blood in some vessel, then pour the blood on paper to dry; a half drop of this blood is sufficient to vaccinate a fowl, and the blood of one hen will vaccinate your whole flock. Catch the fowl you wish to vaccinate, and with a pin or knife make a little scratch on the thigh (just enough to draw blood), then moisten a little piece of the paper with the dried blood on and stick it on the chicken's leg where you scratched it, then let the fowl run, and you need have no fear of chicken cholera."

In the course of his experiments Mr. Griffith has dried enough blood to vaccinate 10,000 fowls. He offers to send, free of charge, to such as wish to try the cure, enough blood to start with. All he asks is that application be made soon (as the blood loses its virtue by long keeping), and that experimenters report results.

Tree Culture.

H. W. S. Cleveland, in his pamphlet on "The culture and management of our native forests," says that we must learn to imitate nature in our methods of cultivation if we would grow new forests successfully. The primary point is to keep the trunks of the tree shaded. Nature does this by massing the plants closely together in the forests, so that they shade each other, or by giving a widespread of limbs with low heads to trees in the open. It also protects the cambium layer with thick deposits of old bark, and we endanger the health of the tree when we scrape this off. Another important point is to keep the roots well mulched, as nature does with old leaves, thick mold and mosses in the forest; and a third point is to protect the trees well from the southwest wind, the breeze which, with its drying heat, is the most damaging to the vitality of the tree. In illustration of the vitality of this rule Mr. Cleveland points to the greater luxuriance and variety of plant life on the east side of seas and lakes than on the west side.

LIGHT BRAHMAS.—This excellent breed of fowls is a valuable acquisition to our poultry stock; and we might without fear credit them with giving the first stimulus to the poultry industry of this country. They are the most popular and largely-bred of any improved fowls. And though they have some faults, like all other domestic breeds, yet as a fowl for hardiness, quietness, easy management, and winter laying, they are superior to other varieties. It is true they are a long time coming to maturity, but the early and well fed pullets will begin to lay in Nov. or Dec. in warm quarters, and will "shell out" during most of the winter months when eggs are dear. One must avoid feeding too much fat-producing food to them or they will become too fat unless kept in daily exercise.—Poultry Monthly.

HOW LONG TO KEEP HENS.—It seldom pays to keep hens the third year. With age they become fat, lazy, and unproductive, get diseased and die. Though they may not stop laying if well cared for, still they are not profitable layers, and their flesh is not as valuable as that of younger birds. In all cases there should be a succession of pullets for the production of eggs, and to be fattened off as they cease laying. But if chickens are not wanted for sale, they are wanted to renew the stock of hens, as no one can deny the expediency of having pullets to add yearly to the old stock, so that no cock or hen shall be kept longer than three years.—Poultry Monthly.

A HINT TO HUSBANDS.—Love and appreciation are to woman what dew and sunshine are to flowers. They refresh and brighten her whole life. They make her strong-hearted and keen-sighted in everything affecting the welfare of her home. They enable her to cheer her husband when the cares of life press heavily upon him, and to be a very providence to her children. To know that her husband loves her, that even her faults are looked upon with tenderness; that her face to one at least is the fairest in the world; that the heart which is to her the greatest and noblest, holds her sacred in its utmost recesses above all other women, gives strength, and courage, and sweetness, and vivacity which all the wealth of the world could not bestow. Let a woman's life be pervaded with such an influence, and her heart will blossom and sweeten, and brighten in perpetual youth.

WICKED AND PERVERSE LOGIC.—"Come John," said the boy's father, "I don't want to see you smoking again—until you are some years older at any rate."

"Why, father," replied John, "you smoke."

"So I do," resumed the parent, "but I don't smoke at your time of life. I never had a cigar in my mouth until 22 or 23 years old, and here you are at it at only 17."

John didn't make any reply, but he thought there was more excuse for a boy of 17 making a fool of himself than a young man of 22.—Boston Transcript

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Christmas is Coming.

The season of hilarity to rich and poor is near at hand; children hold whispered conversations; work of all kinds is hidden away at the approach of those for whom the presents are intended, and happy hearts can make happy homes everywhere. No household, however poor and lowly, can afford to shut out these joyous preparations. True happiness consists in giving, not in receiving; and if every father would give his children weekly pocket money at this time, so as to enable them to learn that lesson and to deny themselves in giving pleasure to others, it would be a great good to them.

Sometimes it is difficult to know what to make for the male members of the family, or what to purchase for them. Handkerchiefs, marked with the initials across one corner in "satin stitch," or laid embroidery of white or colored nun's cotton, will make a most acceptable present; and if a little sentiment is desired, the initials can be worked in the giver's hair, which can be "warranted not to fade." A clothesbrush-case can be made with Kensington embroidery, or out of a Japanese cuff, flattened on both sides, and trimmed with plaited satin ribbon or alpaca braid. Or an artistic pen-wiper can be fashioned in the shape of a sunflower, by cutting pointed leaves out of bright yellow opera flannel, buttonholing them round with the same colored embroidery silk, and attaching a double row of them to four or five rounds of black broadcloth or silk, notched in small points with the scissors. For the centre, crochet a circle, three inches in diameter, out of dark brown zephyr, in double crochet stitch, and fasten it on the points of the sunflower. Knitted cuffs are also appreciated by dwellers in farming districts, and any girl can knit them for her father and brothers. Shaded yarn, in crimson, scarlet or blue, will knit them very prettily. Cast on 72 stitches on three needles, and knit them by seaming one and knitting two stitches, until they are at least six inches in length; then bind off the stitches and fasten tightly, and crochet small scollops on the upper edge of each cuff. Double knitting is also an excellent stitch for cuffs, tippets, chest-protectors, babies' blankets and crib-covers, as it makes a very light, soft and elastic stitch, not liable to grow stiff by washing. The number of stitches must always be even.

For a lady's knitted cuff, (and what could be nicer for grandmamma's present?) cast on 60 stitches on the needle, and knit backward and forward. Knit one; bring the wool in front, but not over the pin; slip one, pass the wool back and knit one; bring the wool forward; slip one, pass it back, and knit one; pass it back, and knit one; and so on to end of needle. The last stitch of each row is always slipped, and the back loop in each row is the one which is slipped. Every row is knitted the same. When wide enough bind off loosely and sew up the cuff.

A CRIB COVER FOR BABY.—Take one pound of soft wool, scarlet or blue, or with alternate stripes of white. Cast on with wooden or rubber needles—200 stitches, and knit ten rows of scarlet in double knitting, but knit the first six and the last six stitches in plain knitting for a border to the sides of blanket. At the tenth row of each color, change the stitch by slipping the first stitch, and knitting the back-stitch, instead of slipping it. When the next color is joined on, resume the usual way of double knitting. The effect will be that of quilting across the crib cover. A deep fringe of alternate colors across the bottom and the sides will give a pretty finish to the cover. It can be knotted into the cover.

A WARM HOOD.—Take wooden needles the size of a pipe stem, or a third of an inch in diameter, and three or four ounces of Shetland wool or split zephyr, or pompadour wool of white, blue or crimson. Cast on or knit 60 stitches, and knit very loosely in garter stitch until you have a strip fourteen stitches in breadth. Take off half the stitches upon a needle threaded with cord, and tie them loosely together. Knit the stitches on needle until you have a strip twenty inches long, and bind it very loosely. Take up the stitches on cord, and knit a strip same length (twenty inches). You will think you have a funny looking article, but do not be discouraged, it will come out a very pretty hood.

Crochet a shell border, four long stitches, one loop, one treble, one loop, four long stitches, alternating the four, and one treble all around the hood for four or five rows, and finish with a shell of seven long stitches into centre of each four, and fasten with one double stitch into the one treble, until a deep scollop is made all around it.

Put a tassel at least six inches in length at each of the long ends, gathering them up. Gather up three inches or so in the middle of the fore part of hood, and put a large bow of bright-colored ribbon over the gathers, and the hood is completed. Three evenings will easily knit it, and it will make a becoming and warm hood for any lady. Place it so that the bow comes over the front hair, and bring the tasseled ends in front, first crossing them at the neck, and tie under the chin.

RAG RUGS.—I have lately seen the handsomest rug made of rags that one could imagine, and any girl of eight or ten years can make one. Take woollen pieces of all colors, and cut them on the bias, if possible, as they work in better than if cut straight; yet straight pieces can be used. The smallest bits

can be made available, and they are to be gathered through the centre in large stitches, with a coarse needle, threaded with a strong, waxed carpet thread. Take a needleful of three-quarters of a yard in length, make a thick knot in one end, and gather up the inch-wide strips of cloth, pushing them down closely on the thread, and letting them twist round into an even rope. No matter if they ravel out a little; it adds to the appearance of the rug. Leave the thread at the end, with a strong knot in it. Take another thread of three quarters of a yard in length, make a knot in it, and run it through an inch or more of the piece already made. At the end of this leave five or six inches of the thread, and put a knot in it. Then you have one rope ready for the weaver. When you have about ten pounds of these rag ropes made, take them to a weaver of rag carpeting and ask him to weave you a rug, with his strongest warp, a yard in width, and if you have ten pounds of ropes, he will make a rug one yard and a quarter in length. "Hobgoblin tapestry" my friend calls the rug she has manufactured in this manner, and it was made out of odds and ends, not worth anything apparently. Only twenty-five cents was expended for some yellow opera flannel to give a little brighter color to the centre of the rug. The weaver asked a dollar for weaving it, as it is much more work to weave such heavy material than to weave rag carpeting. The rug is the same on both sides, and is very heavy. It can be made with a border of solid colors. Two or three rows of plain black, or brown, to commence and end with; then a row of plain blue, or red; another of black, and one of alternate spaces of black and yellow. A border of eight inches on each end could be arranged in this manner, and then the centre ropes could be mixed up with bright colors alternating with black, white, brown and grey. As pieces of two or three inches, or even one inch can be used, the smallest bits of cloth can be worked in. All the children in a family could join in this work, and even grandmamma would doubtless like to help, so simple and easy an occupation it is, and the effect is really handsome. The weaver can use ropes of an yard and a half or three-quarters in length to better advantage than longer ones, so it is well to bear that in mind in preparing the materials.

Rubber rings, ornamented with three soft balls, crocheted in bright colors, will make pretty playthings for the babies. Take three little tin boxes, and put half a dozen shot into each one, and wrap them lightly around with soft cotton batting; then crochet in long stitch a cover for each in different colors—red, blue and lemon color will look well, or grey, pink and blue. The covers can be knitted if preferred; knitting in four quarters and beginning with two stitches, and widening at the commencement of each needle until you have fifteen stitches; then narrow at beginning of each needle, and crochet the four quarters together. Make a crochet chain or cord six inches in length to each ball, and fasten it around the rubber ring securely. This will make a very pretty plaything for any small child, and it cannot injure the baby as painted toys may. S. O. J.

On a Model Silk Farm.

New York Star.

"There is no reason why silk culture should not be as extensive and as lucrative in the United States as anywhere else in the world."

The speaker sat in a cozy office at No. 27 Bond street, at a desk covered with papers and proof-sheets. He was a tall, fair complexioned man, with blue eyes and blonde mustache and goatee. It was Mr. W. B. Smith, president of the American Silk Exchange upon whom a Star reporter had called.

"What part of the country is best suited for sericulture, Mr. Smith?"

"Wherever the worms can obtain a supply of young, tender mulberry leaves. We have what we call a model silk farm at Park Ridge, Bergen county, N. J. The enterprise is a new one, but will practically demonstrate that Americans can make silk equal to the product of Lyons."

"How extensive is your model farm?"

"We have thirty acres divided into eleven plots of varying sizes. The price of land is from \$80 to \$250 per acre, according to location. The soil is a gravelly loam, with a clay subsoil, and is admirably adapted to our purpose. Before I finally selected that piece of land, I looked at fourteen other tracts. I spent four months in time, and \$1,000 in car-fare."

"What sort of people do you expect as colonists?"

"Oh, first-class people, of course. We encourage no others. Perhaps I may as well say that the Exchange does not intend to assert any right to regulate the action of the colonists. It is not at all a communistic affair. Each person buys a plot of land, and raises silk worms in his or her own way. Our superintendent, M. Viron Des Lauriers, is a practical silk culturist, and will visit the colonists to give them advice and instructions; but of course, they need not necessarily follow his ideas."

"Are there indigenous mulberry trees at Park Ridge?" the reporter asked.

"I don't think there are any in the country. The trees we intend to use will come from Italy. There are different kinds of mulberries suitable for different climates. The morus japonica, for example, gives a rich, juicy leaf, but thrives best in warm countries. On the other hand, the morus nigra, or black mulberry, is very hardy, though its leaf is not as rich as that of the japonica. In our colony we will try the experiment of grafting the japonica upon the nigra,

thus securing the best leaf with the hardest stock."

"How much time is required to produce one crop of worms?"

"Six weeks."

"Then you can raise several crops a year?"

"Yes, that can be done and is done, but when several crops of worms are produced yearly they are smaller and weaker than the annuals, as they are called, and the cocoons are of a correspondingly inferior quality."

"What will your colonists pay for eggs?"

"The best, imported from the south of France, cost \$4 an ounce, or twenty-five cents per thousand."

"Hold on, Mr. Smith," cried the reporter, "at that rate there would be sixteen thousand eggs in an ounce."

"Don't let that tax your credulity," replied Mr. Smith with a fin sourire, "in fact there are no less than 40,000 eggs to the ounce, and we guarantee all the eggs we sell."

"Eli Perkins might as well take a back seat. You seriously assert that for \$4 you carefully examine 40,000 eggs, and that you guarantee them?"

"No. I assert nothing of the sort. The soundness of the eggs is tested by examining the bodies of the worms laying them. The eggs are laid on a piece of paper within a space which the trade dollar would cover. The worm laying them is pinned to a corner of the paper, where she is left until she dies and is as dry as a smoked herring. Then she is pulverized and the particles examined. A fungus growth upon them is a sign of disease, and the worms are rejected. Otherwise they are known to be good."

"Do silkworms live on mulberry leaves alone?"

"That is their only diet, and they are veritable pigs in the matter of feeding. They eat their own weight every day. Here are some eggs," said Mr. Smith, showing the reporter a piece of paper bearing several hundred dark-brown specks.

"Will the worms raised on your colony be as good as those of France?"

"They will be better. In Europe they live closely huddled together, and any disease breaking out spreads rapidly. The effect of over-population is the same with silkworms as with the genus homo. Making the most sanguine allowances for the increase of sericulture in the United States, the worms will not be crowded in 1,000 years, and the appearance of disease should not be manifest in at least a century."

"In what form will your colonists send their product to market?"

"In cocoons for some time to come. It will not yet pay them to reel the silk. That requires expensive machinery and a high degree of skill. In Europe French and Italian girls work at reeling."

"How much profit is there in silk-raising on a farm like that in New Jersey?"

"Every acre should pay from \$200 to \$600 per annum. Not such a poor profit in an enterprise that takes only six weeks of time in the year. The land can be used for ordinary farming without interference with the silk business. Our ground is high and well drained. Low ground is unwholesome for silkworms."

"When your lots are all taken will you establish another farm?"

"I don't know yet. One of the objects of our colony is to arouse an interest in silk culture in America."

"Is not the business pursued here at all at present?"

"Yes; the Menonites in Nebraska and other western states do something at it. They grow the black mulberry only. If one prefers to cultivate silkworms for the sake of the eggs the profit is more than double that derived from the sale of cocoons."

"Do you ever see in silkworms any evidences of intelligence?"

"Yes; it would be strange if centuries of association with humanity had not developed some brains in them. They permit themselves to be handled without showing the least agitation."

"I suppose the silk manufacturers over in Jersey are friendly to your project?"

"Well, the enterprise is an infant less than a week old—a very infant industry—and as yet it is impossible to say exactly what attitude the manufacturers will take."

A PLUCKY SWIMMER.—We learn from a correspondent that, a short time ago, Mrs. G. A. D. McArthur Campbell, formerly a resident of Coonamble, distinguished herself by a deed of admirable bravery. Mrs. Campbell was a passenger in a steamer from Hong Kong to one of the northern ports of Queensland, and one day a little boy about four years of age, to whom the lady was very much attached, fell overboard, the accident occurring through a sudden lurch of the vessel. With the exception of Mrs. Campbell and the man at the wheel, all the passengers and crew were at dinner. Without waiting for a life buoy or divesting herself of any clothing, and simply saying to the man at the wheel, "Don't tell the child's mother," Mrs. Campbell plunged into the water, swam to the boy, and held him up till both were rescued, the steamer having been promptly stopped and a boat lowered. Neither the lady nor the boy was much the worse for the immersion.—*Sidney (Australia) Herald.*

"Why, John, where have you been all night?" was the greeting, as he stumbled up stairs. "Comet party, my dear, what's all." "Comet party? Why, it ought not to take all night to see the comet." "If you zee as many comets as I did, I would take you, poor, weak woman, a whole week. Yesh it woul."

The Chelsea Herald,

IS PUBLISHED
Every Thursday Morning, by
Wm. Emmert Jr., Chelsea, Mich.

THURSDAY, DEC. 21, 1882.

GATHERINGS.

Toledo had a \$750,000 fire Dec. 15.
Ann Arbor has a roller skating rink.
Ann Arbor was incorporated as a village in 1833.
Manchesterites hope soon to be able to "hello" with us.
A Mr. Ross will establish bottling works at Ypsilanti.
Rev. Mr. McMahon, of Deerfield, fell from a hay loft, and received serious injuries.
A horse owned by Mr. Knowlton, of Ann Arbor, ran away last week, throwing out the boy who was driving, and smashing the cutter.
Dr. W. H. Palmer, who was charged with embezzling picnic money from the blind policeman, Schweimer, has been acquitted—all of Jackson.
Maurice Long has been greatly troubled for many years with one of his knees slipping out of joint, and more frequently than usual, the past summer. Last Friday it slipped out and he was obliged to go to Adrian to have it replaced. He thinks it was caused by rheumatism settling in and expanding the muscle covering the knee.—*Deerfield Record.*
Ypsilanti.—Saturday last as Mr. Freeman, who resides near Cherry Hill, was coming into the city, his horse took fright at a velocipede and ran away, throwing him out and dislocating his shoulder. His injuries were of a serious character, and the shoulder was reduced by Drs. Batwell and Ashley with much difficulty.
Sentinel.—On Sunday last Johnny Gunn, on his way home from church, attempted to catch on a freight train going up the grade, when he was in some way drawn under the cars, and had one foot crushed so that the dressing of the wound necessitated the amputation of nearly the whole instep. He ran towards home, several rods on the bleeding limb, when he fell from pain and faintness, and was carried home by some of the railroad men. Will boys never learn to keep from the cars?
Fire, Thursday morning, totally destroyed the building on Cross street, occupied by Floyd Burnham's shoe store, together with all its contents. The building was owned by L. D. Norris, of Grand Rapids, and insured for \$1,000; Burnham's stock was insured for \$3,500. The Follett House and McRoberts' Hotel, adjoining, were injured some, and John Minnis, employed by Burnham, loses nearly \$50 worth of hats, etc. The books of the Knights of Honor, in which Burnham was an officer, were also destroyed.—*Ypsilanti.*
Michael Wade's team became frightened Tuesday forenoon while coming from the Lake Shore depot, and ran a way with him. They ran against the lamp post in front of the Goodyear house, breaking it off and smashing the lamp; they then tore down Exchange Place, and when in front of Haussler's store ran into a sleigh upsetting the wagon and throwing Mr. Wade to the ground with the wagon box on top of him. The team was then stopped. No one was hurt, and the only damage done was the breaking of the lamp and post.—*Enterprise.*
While Robert Mooney and Christian Schliker, who worked for Eberbach, were returning to the city in the hardware wagon Tuesday night, they were struck by the engine of the express train at the crossing, one mile west of the depot. The horse was thrown some fifty feet and immediately killed, while the men were both knocked senseless. Mooney was hurt the worse, as it was about the head, and probably internally. Both of Schliker's shoulders were broken. The train stopped, picked them up and brought them to the city. They were taken to the hospital where they still remain. They say they only saw a flash of light, and then knew nothing further until they were in the cars.—*Courier.*
Never Give Up.
If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, let all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold a fifty cents a bottle by R. S. Armstrong.

All kinds of Ammunition for sale.
J. Bacon & Co.
We have a few New Home Sewing Machines on hand yet—will sell cheap for cash.
J. Bacon & Co.
Big bargains in overcoats, to close out before Jan. 1st, 1883. We don't want to carry any over.
H. S. Holmes.
Do not forget we are selling Plated Ware cheap.
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Raisins 10 cents per pound at
Farrell & Boardman's.
Look at our 25c. and 50c. Wagons.
J. Bacon & Co.
Noyes' Dictionary Holders at the
HERALD OFFICE.
Some more Bibles yet to be disposed of Cheap!
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Tin ware cheap at
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A good Hand Sled for 50c.
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The best 50c tea in Chelsea, can only be had at
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Mich. Centre flour 65 cents per sack and warranted at Farrell & Boardman's.
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Farmers, Mechanics, Laborers, I am now under Durand & Hatch's store, ready to mend and make your Boots and Shoes.
U. H. Townsend.
The sausage you take home, is guaranteed to be made of the meat you fetch. Give us a trial
W. Canfield.
Majolica Sets, at
Glazier, DePuy & Co's.
Farmers! when you want your sausage made, fetch the meat to
W. Canfield.
Canfield! Canfield!! oh yes, he is the meat market man, under Parker & Babcock's store.
Good Sugar 7c per pound at
FARRELL & BOARDMAN'S
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Subscribe for the HERALD at once, \$1.14 pays until the 1st of January 1884.
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See our 50c. Wide Awake and Fast Asleep Dolls.
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If you want to save from 10 to 25 per cent, buy your Groceries at
Farrell & Boardman's.
Only a few more Hanging Lamps left—come at once, if you want one.
J. Bacon & Co.
Majolica Ware, at
Glazier, DePuy & Co's.
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HERALD OFFICE.
We have just opened an original crate of Majolica Ware.
Glazier, DePuy & Co.
We have a few Hanging Lamps which we will close at your own price.
H. S. Holmes.
Opal Corn Shellers Still Booming!—for sale by
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We have just opened an original crate of Majolica Ware.
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H. S. Holmes.
We have a splendid lot of Plated Ware to select presents from.
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Have you seen the Majolica Ware, at
Glazier, DePuy & Co's.
For News, call on
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One of the finest presents you can make to your wife or husband, is one of Noyes' Handy Tables, or Noyes' Dictionary Holders. To be had at the
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We have just opened an original crate of Majolica Ware.
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Skates! Skates! at
J. Bacon & Co's.
Come and see the Handy Table and Dictionary Holder, at the
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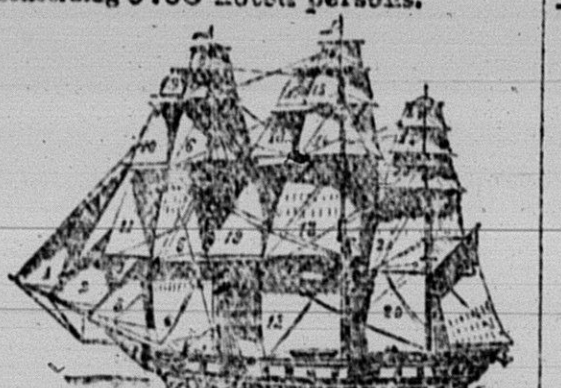
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We are showing a very complete line of
Silk Handkerchiefs, Ladies Colored Bordered handkerchiefs, Ladies Black Silk Fichues, "Cream" "Linnen Collars, new pattern,

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OLD BERKSHIRE MILLS, DARTON, Mass., April 27, 1882.
Mr. Peter Lawler has been a resident of this town for the past seventeen years, and our employ for fifteen, and in all these years he has been a good and respected member of the town and community. He has some chronic disease to our knowledge for most of the time, but now claims to be well, in apparent good health.
CHAS. O. BROWN, Pres't.
The wonderful case referred to above is published in another column and will be of great value to thousands of our readers.—Ed.]

EST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die "something mighty and time leave behind to conquer time," a week in your own town. \$5 outfit. No risk. Everything new. Capital required. We will furnish you every thing. Many are making fortunes. Ladies as much as men and boys and girls great pay. Reader, if you want to see at which you can make great pay in time, write for particulars to

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What the Deaf say!
I heard a miracle in my case. I heard noises in my head better. I was greatly benefited. It helped a great deal—thank you. I will cure me. I am much benefited. I received untold benefit. I am improving. I am getting good satisfaction. I am greatly benefited, and am ready to see the notice of it.

Stones are UNQUESTIONABLE and character absolute, as the writer testifies, both from experience and fact. Write at once to HAYLOCK & Jenney, 7 Day Street, New York, enclosing your name, and you will receive by return a book that will enable you to hear like a new man, and whose curative effects are permanent. You will never regret it.—Editor Mercantile Review.
Avoid loss in the mails, please send by Registered Letter.
Sent by Haylock & Jenney, 7 Day Street, New York.

Consumption Cured.
A physician, retired from active practice, had placed in his hands the India Missionary the formula of a vegetable remedy for the consumption cure of Consumption, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat affections, also a positive and powerful cure for General Debility and all complaints, after having thorough-ly wonderful curative powers in cases, feel it his duty to give to his fellow-sufferers. The recipe, particulars, directions for preparation, and all necessary advice for home use, will be sent you by return of charge, by addressing our stamped self-addressed envelope to DR. M. E. CASS, 107 Park Street, Jersey City, N. J. Send this paper.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Having got established in their new store,
DURAND & HATCH
are now prepared to supply those calling on them with goods at figures that

DEFY COMPETITION.

We will save anyone calling on us from 25 cents to One dollar on all Boots or Shoes bought.

They Mean What They Say

and sell nothing but best goods.
Cash for all kinds of produce.

DURAND & HATCH.

MENDELSON PIANO CO.

Grand offer for the next 60 days only.
\$850 Square Grand Piano for only \$245.
Piano style 3 strings, 7 1-3 Octaves, full patent cantante agrat and large fancy moulding, full iron frame, French Grand action, Grand Hammers, every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the instru-

Our price for this instrument, boxed and delivered on board cars at New York, with fine Piano Cover, Stool and Bench, only \$245.00. Just reduced from our late wholesale, factory price \$295, for 60 days only. This is a great bargain! Tremendous demand for this style! Send in your order now. Best opportunity to get money with order. Cash sent with order will be refunded and freight charges paid by us both ways if Piano is not just as represented. Several other special bargains: Pianos before buying. Handsome illustrated Piano catalogue sent free, giving the highest testimonials ever awarded any Piano manufacturer. Every Piano warranted for 5 years. SHEET MUSIC at 1-3 price. Catalogue of 5,000 pieces of choice music sent for 3 cents. 12-15-y-1 MENDELSON PIANO CO., P. O. Box 2058, New York City.

Bubkley's Arnica Salve.
THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. S. Armstrong. v11-51.

\$72 A week made at home by the inducements. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably.
Address True & Co., v12a10 Augusta, Maine.

Free of cost.
All persons wishing to test the merits of a great remedy—one that will positively cure consumption, coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, or any affection of the throat and lungs—are requested to call at Armstrong's drug store and get a trial bottle of Dr. King's New discovery for consumption free of cost, which will show you what a regular dollar-size bottle will do.

NARROW ESCAPE

OF A MASSACHUSETTS ENGINEER—TIMELY WARNING OF MR. JOHN SPENCER, BAGGAGE MASTER OF THE B. & A. R.R.
Marvellous Cure of Stone in the Bladder—Large Stones Removed by "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy."
From the Pittsfield (Mass.) Eagle.
Stones in the bladder is a very dangerous ailment; but many most remarkable cures have of late been wrought by "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy"—the invention of Dr. Kennedy of Rondout, N. Y. Another striking case is now added to the list. Mr. Peter Lawler, of Dalton, Mass., states in a letter to Dr. Kennedy that he had been troubled with bladder complaint for 14 years, and had consulted at different times seven physicians, but nothing beyond temporary relief of the pain had been worked. Towards the end of last January Mr. Lawler called on Dr. Kennedy. Sounding him, the doctor "struck stone." He decided that Mr. Lawler should first try the "Favorite Remedy," so as, if possible, to avoid an operation. And here is the remarkable result: "Dear Doctor Kennedy—The day after I came home I passed two gravel stones, and am doing nicely now. If you would like to see the stones I will send them to you." This letter bears date "Dalton, Mass., Feb. 6th," and is signed "Peter Lawler." The stones, which are so large as to warrant for "Kennedy's Favorite Remedy" the claim that it is the most successful remedy for Stone yet discovered, are now in Dr. Kennedy's possession. Incidentally Mr. Lawler also states that the "Favorite Remedy" at the same time cured him of a stubborn case of Rheumatism; and it is a fact that in all affections arising out of disorder of the liver or urinary organs it is a searching remedy and works marvellous benefits. It is itself almost a medicine chest. Order it of your druggist. Price \$1.00 a bottle.

Subscribe for the HERALD only \$1.25 to January 1884.
50c. Dolls reduced to 35c.
J. Bacon & Co's.
By Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Groceries, &c., &c., at French's.

BANKING OFFICE

R. Kempf & Brother,
CHELSEA, MICH.

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Interest Paid on Special Deposits.
FOREIGN PASSAGE TICKETS, TO AND FROM THE OLD COUNTRY, SOLD. DRAFTS SOLD ON ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF EUROPE.

The Laws of the State of Michigan hold Private Bankers Individually liable to the full extent of their Personal Estate, thereby securing Depositors against any possible contingency

Monies Loaned on First-Class Security.
Insurance on Farm and City Property Effectuated.

Chelsea Mich., April 27th, 1882.

CHELSEA ART GALLERY!!

"Secure the shadows ere the substance perish"
All wishing first class Photographs are respectfully invited to visit the Chelsea

ART GALLERY.

Stereoscopic views of Private Houses, Lawns and Public Buildings, executed on short notice.
Gelatin Emulsion (quick process) especially adapted for Groups and

CHILDREN'S

pictures.
Regular size FRAMES at astonishing LOW prices, and offer them CHEAPER than any house in

WASHTENAW

County.
After January 1st, 1883, the price of CABINET Photographs will be as follows:

For Dozen, - - - \$4.00
For 1-2 Dozen, - - - 2.50
For 1-4 Dozen, - - - 1.40
8x10 Photographs will be \$2.00 for the first one, duplicates 50 cents each.

Respectfully,
E. E. SHAYER,
ARTIST.

Unclaimed Letters.

1ST of Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Chelsea, for the week ending Dec. 21, 1882:
Mrs D Dainty, Lhas M Durand, Mr William Ruen, Mr Dory Stuard, H J Wage.
Persons calling for any of the above letters, please say "advertised."
Geo J. CHOWELL, P. M.

Millions Given Away.

Millions of bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, have been given away as trial bottles of the large size. This enormous outlay would be disastrous to the proprietors, were it not for the rare merits possessed by the wonderful medicine. Call at Armstrong's drug store and get a trial bottle free, and try for yourself. It never fails to cure.

OUR CONTINENT
An Illustrated Weekly Magazine
CONDUCTED BY ALBION W. TOURGEE.
\$4 a year; 52 six mos; 10c. a copy.

Every Wednesday—Ten Cents.
NOTABLE ATTRACTIONS FOR 1883.

SERIAL STORIES

from Authors of wie and established fame as follows:

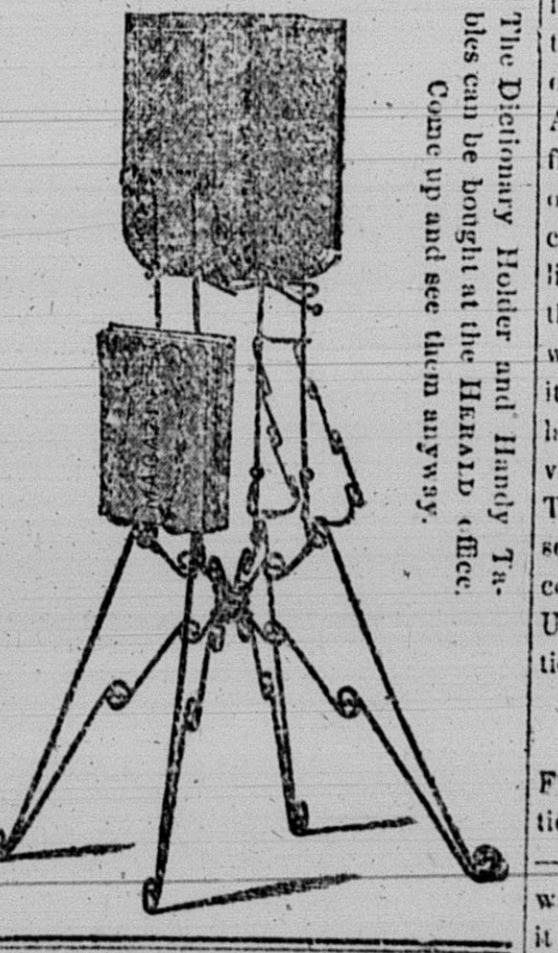
1. "HOT PLOWSHARES," a story of the Anti-Slavery Struggle (now appearing), by Judge ALBION W. TOURGEE.
2. "DUST," a novel of English Society during the early part of this century (now appearing), by JULIAN HAWTHORNE.
3. "JUDITH," a tale of "Old Virginia," by MARION HARLAND.
4. "THERE WAS ONCE A MAN," a novel of a fresh and attractive subject, by "ORPHEUS C. KERR." The author has devoted much care, during the long interval since he has published, in making this his most curious and elaborate work. It is full of novel situations and subtle humor.
5. "TOO LATE," a tender and pathetic story, by ELIZABETH STUART PHELPS.
6. "DOMCAS," a story of the Early Christians, by NATHAN KOUNS.
7. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE will publish a story in an early number of *Our Continent*.
8. E. P. ROWE is writing a story for publication in a short time.
9. RHODA BROUGHTON, author of "Red as a Rose is She," "Cometh Up as a Flower," etc., will contribute a new novel shortly.
10. REV. WILLIAM M. BAKER has in preparation for us his latest novel—a sequel to his celebrated novel: "His Majesty Myself."
11. H. H. BOYSEN and others are engaged to write stories for the coming year.
12. ANTHONY TROLLOPE's latest novel, "LAND LEAGUERS," in the preparation of which he has spent the summer in Ireland, will appear in our pages at ONCE.

SPECIAL ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES.

Treated in the best manner known to literature and art, will be abundantly served to the readers of *Our Continent*. They will be descriptive of travel, famous and interesting features of this and other countries, notable groups of celebrated men and women with portraits, curious and valuable industries, notable art work, house and home interests, and popular science.
Our Continent will contain the best of everything that belongs to a magazine of the highest class, and furnish it once a week. It contains in a year over one-third more matter than any monthly magazine.

Send for free specimen copy, with list of rates and attractive premium list, before subscribing for any other. Address, 8 - OUR CONTINENT, PHILADELPHIA

The Dictionary Holder and Handy Tables can be bought at the Herald & Ecce. Come up and see them anyway.



HEREFORD CATTLE

COTSWOLD SHEEP

BERKSHIRE SWINE.

BERGEN, WILL CO., ILLINOIS.

At the annual meeting of Olive lodge No 156 F & A M, the following officers were elected and installed:
W M—J D Schnaitman.
S W—J A Palmer.
J W—C E DePuy.
Treasurer—H S Holmes.
Secretary—Theo E Wood.
S D—G H Mitchell.
J D—C M Davis.
Chaplain—Rev E A Gay.
1st Steward—Jas McLaren.
2d Steward—John Cook.
Tyler—Jas Buchman.

A party composed of A. Son, Samuel Guerin and Uncle Dan Tichenor, went on a fishing excursion last Friday, and returned with a nice string of Bass and Pickerel in the afternoon. That's better "luck" than we usually have.

The Washington World and Citizen Soldier, the Old Soldier's Paper, the People's paper, is now in its eighth year, enlarged to 48 columns, 8 pages, in entire new dress, every week, at only One Dollar a year. Specimen copy free to any address, on receipt of postal card request, by the World and Soldier Publishing Company, World Building, 1006 F St., Washington, D. C.

The crookedest of crooked work, and yet that which has grace and elegance in every crook, may be seen in the Noyes Dictionary Holders and Noyes Handy Tables. In them the fact is clearly demonstrated that if the inventor has not made the crooked straight, he has made the straight crooked, and thereby increased its beauty and utility. People in search of holiday presents will appreciate his success. A fine illustrated circular may be had free by addressing L. W. Noyes, 39 West Monroe St., Chicago. The prices have been greatly reduced.

Cole's Veterinary Carbolisolve
Will cure cuts, wounds, galls and sores, of any kind, and invariably bring the hair in its original color; and it is the only preparation known that will do it. It will cure any case of scratches, speed-crack, or cracked heel quicker than any other remedy. Edwin D. Bither, driver and trainer for J. I. Case, Racine, Wis., says: "I am using Cole's Veterinary Carbolisolve in the stables of J. I. Case. Having given it a thorough trial the past season, I can fully endorse it, and take pleasure in recommending it to all owners of horses, as the best remedy that I ever saw for general stable use." Pound cans, \$1.00; small cans, 50 cents.

"The Best Practical Art Magazine."

THE ART AMATEUR for 1883, judging from the publisher's announcement, will amply maintain its high reputation as the "best practical art magazine" of the day. To an abundance of beautiful, full-size working designs for painting, embroidery, wood-carving, and other art work, with copious practical instructions for all classes of amateur artists, it will continue to add a profusion of charming illustrations of porcelain, furniture, needlework, and brie a brace, together with an endless supply of entertaining information on decorative and industrial art. Numerous artists' sketches will be published as usual; the leading exhibitions will be largely illustrated and piquantly criticised, and artists of merit will be biographically noticed. A series of beautiful embroidery, designs from the South Kensington Royal School of Art Needlework, and a number of articles on china painting, by Miss McLaughlin, of Cincinnati, will be published during the year. It is not too much to declare, with the London Academy (which places it above any magazine of the kind in England), that THE ART AMATEUR is a "marvel of variety, beauty, and cheapness." This opinion may be readily verified by sending thirty-five cents for a specimen copy to Montague Marks, Publisher, 23 Union Square, New York. The subscription price is \$4 a year.

Have you seen those new watches at Frank Cornwell's? Well, they are beauties, and are warranted too, for five years—perfect time keepers. If you want a watch you can find it as above, and look it over, and for its qualities, ask Wm. Martin, agent of the M. C. R. R., who has one, and after trying it, exclaimed "Eureka!" and now wears the "Independent" watch. All information furnished by W. F. Hatch, who is sole agent for Chelsea and vicinity.

Piles of Slippers for the Holidays, at French's.

Come and see now nice dolls look, in a Hardware Store. J. Bacon & Co.

We are making some very low prices on winter goods. It makes our competitors look Blue, but we can't help it.

H. S. Holmes.
Those handsome Slippers at French's make nice Christmas presents.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

Oaccola.....	880,0
Quiney.....	200,0
	<hr/> \$2,500,0

"Mary, go into the sitting-room please, and tell me how the thermometer stands." Mary (after investigation) "It stands on the first mantel-piece, jes agin' the wall, mem!"

It is expected, says an exchange, that sufficient mineral will soon be obtained from the lodes to pay the expenses of the tunnel. Until that time, the funds to continue the work will be derived, therefore, from the sale of stock, which is sold unassessable. The corporation is allowed to issue 700,000 shares of such stock, which is now selling at \$10 per share, with the face value of \$10.

3 Curtains of fishermen's twine are not
and likely to be fashionable.

low Wrapper; the only genuine. (Guaranteed)
Issued by Farrand, Williams & Co., Detroit, Mich.

CHELSEA HERALD.

We solicit communications and news items from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

If you have any business at the probate office, make the request that the notice be published in the HERALD. Such a request will always be granted.

Our market report will invariably be found correct, as we give it our personal attention and take great pains to give correct quotations. The prices quoted are those paid by dealers.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by writers.

Address all communications to
THE HERALD.

THURSDAY, DEC. 21, 1882.

Congress will take a holiday recess, from Dec. 23, to probably Jan. 8, 1883.

That prominent Granger, J. J. Woodman, is being talked of as a candidate for the Senate.

Three hundred and seventy-five boys are now in the reform school at Lansing, seventy-five more than it was meant for.

Four congressmen have died since the last election. We don't know if they were young or not, as "the good die young," you know.

Perhaps at the next presidential election you can vote directly for the man you want for president, the same as you do for a supervisor.

We soon expect to send letters for two cents instead of three. Not near the number of postal cards will then be used, as are used now.

From the report of Geo. W. Hill, state salt inspector, it is learned that there were last year in operation 96 steam and 30 pan blocks. Total number of blocks 126, and 4,500 solar salt covers, with an estimated capacity of the entire salt producing territory of the state, of 3,590,000 barrels of salt per annum.

Mabley, the Detroit Clothier, was fined \$250 for maintaining a gift enterprise. In this law was enforced all over the state, a large amount of money would be raised by fines imposed, as nearly every town of any size has some business man who gives tickets which entitles the holder to a chance of getting something for nothing.

Substantial Encouragement.

The following are the names of persons who have favored us with the "ready cash," for subscription to the HERALD, since December 7th, and to whom we tender

H. Mensing	\$1.25	F. Gierbach	\$1.25
F. H. Sweetland	1.50	Walter Webb	1.50
Miss Anna Clark	1.25	L. H. Lighthall	1.25
Lewis Freer	1.25	George Euler	.35
E. P. Downer	1.25	George Cronan	1.25
Jas. Runciman	1.25	George Runciman	1.25
Levi Riggs	1.25	Miss Finkel	1.25
U. D. Streeter	1.25	Miss Wellman	.60

our thanks:

Cut this out and save it, as a receipt!

At Waterloo

A special discourse will be delivered in the Baptist church next Sabbath morning, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the first Advent of Christ, and at 7 P. M., a discourse to young men, by the pastor.

LITERARY NOTES.

"The Song Friend," a musical journal, published by S. W. Traub, of Chicago, is on our table, and any one wishing a musical journal, could do no better than send the publisher \$1, in payment for a year's subscription.

Demorest's—The first magazine for January, 1883, is the *Demorest*, and as usual, is filled with interesting reading matter.

Among which, we notice the following: "That Jolly Old Couple," "Nehemiah's New Year's," especially good; John Nelson's Love," "Forgotten by the world," &c., &c. Among the illustrations are, "The Fisher Boy and the Fisherman's Daughter, in Oil," "An Ejectionment" from an etching, and forty-five illustrations on wood. Not many ladies who have once read *Demorest* will go without it, and as a family magazine it can not be beat.

For Sale.

A very desirable house and lot for sale. Inquire at this office.

For Sale!

A cutter, inquire of
Mrs C W Brown.

From our own Correspondent. LIMA ITEMS.

Mrs. J. D. Clark, of Jackson, is visiting at C. Palmer's.

Rev. John M. Shank, of Dixboro, was in Lima Friday.

Christmas tree at the church Monday evening, Dec. 25th.

The young peoples' Literary society, meet every Monday night.

A Lyceum has been organized here to be held every Friday night.

Perrin & Abbott's Indian troupe gave a show here Thursday evening.

A man coming from Chelsea on foot one night last week, lost his satchel. It was found next morning by John Copley.

A sleigh load of young people from Chelsea spent Friday evening at O. B. Guerin's. A word to the driver: next time pay a little more attention to your team and you will find yours if riding around in some one's door-yard.

Francisco Gatherings. From our own Correspondent.

Mr. John Honing, who has labored on the section between Francisco and Sylvan, has been promoted to section foreman, at Grass Lake.

We saw W. Dancer and T. Wright passing through here a week ago Sunday, presumably, on their way to some parlor, where some one was waiting for them.

Our Sylvan Correspondent. SYLVAN NEWS.

Adam Kalmbach took a business trip to Canada last week.

"The girls shall all have a sleigh ride" so says William Wolf who has just bought a new Portland cutter.

The Misses Cora Burchard and Jessie Curtiss were the first ladies to take a sleigh ride through the Main street of Sylvan this winter.

Before the cold snap, Hezelschwerdt Bro's were threshing clover seed at Adam Kalmbach's. When the storm came up, they left the engine with the water in it, and the night being very cold, the blow-off pipe burst.

On Sunday, Dec. 10th as A. Kalmbach was driving through Francisco, he was met by a howling dog that had something attached to his tail. The horse became frightened, tipped the buggy over and ran about 80 rods. No damage done.

A party at Christian Webb's to-night.

The last meeting of the Lyceum was largely attended.

Peter Lehman will have one week vacation during the holidays.

I don't know why the boys of Chelsea come way up here to Francisco, to attend meetings?

The meetings last Sunday night were well attended—large sleigh loads attending from the Centre.

It is pleasant to hear the family load on returning from the lyceum singing—"There's One More River to Cross."

For some reason three young men lost their way last Tuesday (Dec. 12) and went three miles west before they turned for Chelsea.

At the last business meeting of the Champions, the following officers were elected:

President—Wm. Schenk.
Vice-President—J. Schenk.
Secretary—Jessie Curtis.
Treasurer—R. Hoppe.
Literary Committee—J. Kalmbach, E. Foster and C. Burchard; J. Kalmbach, Chairman of the Committee.

Everybody should read the HERALD—so says

The Sweepstakes have not as yet accepted the challenge of the Champions.

A remedy for sore feet: Put your feet through the window, and the pain is gone.

Mr. A. Kalmbach returned from Canada Sunday last. He says horses cannot be bought there at reasonable figures.

Miss Emma and Bertha Schenk were the guests of Mr. Pickell, who resides two miles south of Grass Lake, on Sunday last.

Something must be the matter—George Strauss did not visit the cottage on the Union Square last Sunday. [Our correspondent seems to have "an eye" on that cottage too.—Ed.]

UNADILLA.

Mr. E. Bullis and wife are visiting relatives in Indiana.

Will Davis and Seth Perry have returned from a visit in the northern part of the state.

—AT— F. O. CORNWELL'S

is the Cheapest place in town to buy WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

CALL AND EXAMINE

his stock and you will find the best assortment of—

GOLDRINGS, THIMBLES, SOLID AND PLATED JEWELRY, NAPKIN RINGS, ROGER BRO'S

KNIVES, FORKS AND SPOONS.

All goods sold by him Engraved FREE OF COST. Special attention paid to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted.

NURSERY STOCK!

Parties wishing fruit stock, will find it to their advantage to confer with me before purchasing elsewhere. I have just made arrangements with the most extensive grape

GROWERS

in the United States for VINES and am prepared to fill orders for any Grape grown. The noted PRENTISS Grape a speciality.

M. M. CAMPBELL, Chelsea.
apr 30 oed

FOR SALE.

Bran, Shipstuff & Middlings

At Peninsular Mill,
DEXTER, MICH.

JAMES LUCAS,
Dexter Mich. Sept. 28th, 1882.

THE DIAMOND BARBER SHOP

UNDER BOARDMAN'S STORE.

The undersigned wishes to inform the people of Chelsea and vicinity, that he has come here to give satisfaction in all branches of his business.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOING A SPECIALITY.

Thanking the people for previous patronage, and hoping that it will be continued in the future, I remain

YOURS TRULY,
F. L. DIAMOND.

Commercial.

Detroit Markets.

DETROIT, MICH., Dec. 20, 1882.
WHEAT—No. 1 white spot, 90c.
" " " " " 88c.
" " " " " 86c.

CORN—Weak. One car of No. 2 was sold at 55c. per bu.

OATS—Quiet. Sales of two cars No. 2 white at 42c.; No. 2, 1 cars at 39c. per bu.

CLOVER SEED—Sale few bags prime seed, December delivery, at \$6 20; No. 2 at \$5 90 per bu.

APPLES—Firm and active at \$2 25 @ \$3 00 per bbl.

BEANS—Unpicked at \$1 75 @ \$2 10 per bu., and city handled at \$2 40 @ \$2 50.

BUTTER—Choice packages are in fair demand at 27 @ 28c. per lb.

EGGS—Are in light receipt at 26 @ 27c. per doz. for fresh stock, and 25 @ 26c. for pickled.

POTATOES—Car lots are steady at 55 @ 60c. per bu., and job lots from store 60 @ 70c.

Home Markets.

BEANS—Unpicked are in good demand at \$1 00 @ \$1 60 per bu.

BARLEY—Is quiet at \$1 25 @ \$1 50 per cwt.

BUTTER—In good demand at 20 @ 26c. per lb. for choice.

CLOVER SEED—Per bu., \$5 50 @ \$6 00.

CORN—In the ear is steady and brings 20c. per bu. for old and new.

CRANBERRIES—Per bu., \$2 25 @ \$3 00.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, are in good demand at 6c. per lb. Peaches, per lb., 13c.

EGGS—Are in good demand at 24c. per doz.

HIDES—Bring 5 1/2c. @ 6c. per lb.

HOGS—Live—Dull, at \$5 00 @ \$5 55 per cwt. Dressed, \$6 50 @ \$7 00.

LARD—Lard quiet at 10c. per lb.

ONIONS—Per bu., 40c.

OATS—Are steady, at 32c. @ 35c.

PORK—Dealers offer 12 1/2 cents per lb. for salt pork.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 8c. @ 10c. per lb., and Chickens at 8c. Ducks, 8c. Geese, 7c.

POTATOES—Bring 45c. per bu.

SALT—Remains steady at \$1 25 per bbl. Rock, \$1 75.

WHEAT—No. 1 white or red is quiet at 90c. per bu.; damaged, 50c. @ 75c.

25c. Dells reduced to 20c.

J. Bacon & Co.

Subscribe for the HERALD.



LOW PRICES, AN IMMENSE STOCK, AND GOOD GOODS

Is what causes the RUSH at the Bank Drug Store.

Ladies solid GOLD Watches for

\$15.00,
DIAMOND RINGS FOR
\$18.00

are among the **RARE BARGAINS** we are offering, but we have many others equally as good in SILVER WARE, BOOKS, TOYS, GAMES, TOILET SETS, BRUSHES, ALBUMS, DRESSING CASES, PERFUMES AND IN FACT ALL LINES OF HOLIDAY GIFTS.

REMEMBER WE

have with us one of the BEST ENGRAVERS in Michigan, and will ENGRAVE FREE of cost all JEWELRY and SILVERWARE that we sell.

Also that we have a line of the New York Book Exchange publication which all admit we are selling at ruinously low prices.

Don't fail to see our display of PRANG'S Christmas cards.

GLAZIER, DEPUY & CO



This space belongs to

WOOD BROTHES

Who are so busy selling

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Silver

PLATED

ware, Watches, Clocks &c that they have no time to say more than that they are

SOLE AGENTS

in Chelsea for the ROCKFORD quick train

WATCH!

the BEST watch made.